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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/721,140	11/25/2003	Timothy P. Bender	D/A1440	6331
25453 7590 03/21/2007 PATENT DOCUMENTATION CENTER XEROX CORPORATION 100 CLINTON AVE., SOUTH, XEROX SQUARE, 20TH FLOOR ROCHESTER, NY 14644			EXAMINER	
			ASHTON, ROSEMARY E	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1752	
			<u> </u>	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS 03/21/2007		PAP	PER	

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

·		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/721,140	BENDER, TIMOTHY P.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Rosemary E. Ashton	1752			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. by period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)[🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 November 2006.					
•=	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) <u>41-43,45,47-59,61-68,81 and 82</u> is/are 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) <u>41-43,47-52,55-59,63-68,81 and 82</u> is Claim(s) <u>45,53,54,61 and 62</u> is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration. s/are rejected.				
Applicati	on Papers					
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the o Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	epted or b) objected to by the Eddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
a)[	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents  2. Certified copies of the priority documents  3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau see the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment	` '	🗖 :				
2)  Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa	ite			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. The objection of claim 56 and the 112, 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph rejection over claims 49-51 are withdrawn.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 3. Claims 41-43,47-52,55-59,63-68,81,82 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Darsow et al, cited in the prior office action, in view of Staniland patent no. 4,331,798 and Kelsey patent no. 4,777,235.

As shown in the prior office action Darsow teaches formation of polyaryl-ether sulfones using the same method claimed by applicant. An exemplified polymer has A=SO2, Y,Y'=Cl for compound (iii), shown below, and B for the dihydroxy compound (iv) is shown below. Darsow teaches aryl branching additives such as trihydroxyphenols, shown below, to form branched aromatic polyaryl-ether sulfones (col. 6, lines 32-50). The compounds below meet the limitations of claim 81 and Darsow teaches the hydroxyl compound in claim 82, bis-(4-hydroxyphenyl)cyclohexane (col. 2, lines 54-61). The first aryl branching radical shown below is phloroglucinol (1,3,5 benzenetriol) as in claim 55. As stated at the top of col.5 azeotropic distillation with toluene is used to remove the water at the end of the reaction.

compound (iii) 1/

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## compound (iv) 1'

As hydroxylate branching radicals or aryl branching radicals there may be mentioned the following preferred trivalent or more than trivalent radicals derived from the branching components named by way of example above:

aryl branching radicals 1/2

Darsow does not teach the A group can be a carbonyl as claimed in the instant application.

Staniland teaches reacting a bisphenol compound and a dihalobenzenoid compound to form polyaryl ethers. The dihalobenzenoid compounds are shown in col. 3 and below.

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The dihalobenzenoid compounds preferably have the formula

in which X and X', which may be the same or different, are halogen atoms and are ortho or para to the groups Q and Q'; Q and Q', which may be the same or different, are —CO— or —SO<sub>2</sub>—; Ar is a divalent aromatic radical; and n is 0, 1, 2 or 3.

The aromatic radical Ar is preferably a divalent aromatic radical selected from phenylene, biphenylylene or terphenylylene.

Particularly preferred dihalides have the formula

where m is 1, 2 or 3.

Examples of suitable dihalides include

4,4'-dichlorodiphenylsulphone

4,4'-difluorodiphenylsulphone

4,4'-difluorobenzophenone

4,4'-dichlorobenzophenone

4-chloro-4'-fluorodiphenylsulphone

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use 4,4'-dichlorobenzophenone as the dihalide compound in the invention of Darsow, rather than 4,4'-dichlorodiphenylsulfone (compound iii above), with a reasonable expectation of obtaining a branched aromatic polyaryl-ether ketone polymer because Staniland teaches the –SO2- group and the –CO- group are alternatives in producing aromatic polyethers (abstract).

As shown in the examples Darsow teaches the reaction is done using dimethyl sulfoxide as the solvent and sodium hydroxide as the basic additive. It does not teach the basic additive is potassium carbonate or cesium carbonate as claimed.

In. col. 3 Kelsey teaches forming polyaryl-ethers using one of the bases below.

The bases useful in this invention include at least one alkali metal hydroxides (sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide), carbonates (sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate, potassium carbonate, potassium bicarbonate, cesium carbonate, etc.), acetates (sodium acetate, potassium acetate, etc.),

### bases cited in Kelsey

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use potassium carbonate or cesium carbonate as the basic additive in the invention of Darsow, rather than sodium hydroxide, with a reasonable expectation of obtaining a branched polyaryl-ether ketone polymer because, as shown above, Kelsey teaches the three reagents are obvious alternatives in the art of making polyaryl-ethers.

### Response to Arguments

4. The examiner maintains the rejection because applicant has not presented arguments with respect to the rejection.

### Allowable Subject Matter

5. Claims 45,53,54,61,62 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The prior art does not have B in a polyaryl-ether where A is a carbonyl as in claim 45, a polyfunctional phenol as in claims 53,54, the compound (v) in claims 61,62.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Rosemary E. Ashton whose telephone number is 571-272-1326. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 11:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cynthia Kelly can be reached on 571-272-1526. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Rosemary E. Ashton Primary Examiner Art Unit 1752 Page 6

March 19, 2007

POSEMARY ASHTON

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ROSEMARY ASHTON PRIMARY EXAMINER